what is claimed is:

- 1. (correctly amended) An accubular impactor (10, 10', 10') for aiding a surgeon in convoling the installation of a hip prosibesia (11), the impactor comprising:
 - (a) an impactor head (20);
- (b) a housing (12, 12', 12'') anached to the impactor head, the housing <u>having at least</u> one band permitting the housing to avoid anatomical structures or tissue during use in surgery and enclosing a drive train (14, 14'', 14'') having, at a far end (134), a prosthesic engaging thread (124), and at the opposite end (42'), a handle (20, 20'', 20'') which facilitates turning of the drive train by the operator; and
- (c) a focking mechanism (44, 50, 52, 54, 56, 60, 62, 87, 68; 124, 130, 142, 146; 180, 193, 193, 195, 196, 200, 202, 206, 210, 212, 14) associated with the housing which selectively locks the drive train, and thus the prosthesis, in position.

wherein further the opposite end (42°) of the drive train has a latch device (52, 54, 56, 60 $_{\odot}$ 62; 44, 50; 180) which enables quick removal from the housing for cleaning and sterilization.

- 2. (currently amended) The acetabular impactor (10, 10', 10'), wherein the drive train (14, 14') includes at least one u-joint (30') located so as to transmit torque through at a bend in the housing (12, 12', 12').
- 3. (original) The acetabular impactor (10, 10", 10") of claim 1, wherein the housing (12, 12") is C-shaped:
- 4. (original) The acetabular impactor (10) of claim 1, wherein the locking mechanism (44, 50, 52, 54, 56, 60, 62, 67, 68) comprises a drive train (14) having a threaded, prosthesis engaging tip (146a), the drive train further including a lever look (42) which is disposed in the housing (12) 30 as to rotate on a fulcrom (32), such that, actuation of the lever link draws the threaded tip (146a) into the housing and, when connected to a prosthesis (11), draws the prosthesis against an impaction surface (140a), wherein sufficient friction may be generated therebetween to lock the prosthesis in place.
- 5. (miginal) The sectabular impactor (10) of claim 4, wherein the link lever (42) has a knot-(20) attached to its extreme end, the knob enabling a user to orient the tip (146a).

- 6. (original) The accabular impactor (10) of any one of claims 1-5, wherein a lockable, variable length link (56) is anached between the link lever (42) and the housing (12) in order to pennit a user to year pressure that the tip can exert against the impaction head (140).
- 7. (original) The acetabular impactor (10) of claim 6, wherein the variable link (50) is infinitely variable and unlockable via a tatch (68) in order to permit release of pressure on the prosthesis (11).
- 8. (original) The accrebular impactor (10) of claim 7. wherein the prosthesis engaging up (146a) is connected by way of a first U-joint (30') to a lever (32) which elides in a pivoting eleeve (34) (ixed to the housing via a first pivot (36).
- 9. (original) The acerabular impactor (10) of claim 1, wherein a one-way catch mechanism (67) prevents a red (56) connected to the second lever (42) from sliding out of the housing (12) unless an unlock lever (68) is activated.
- 10. (original) The accrabiliar impactor (10, 10', 10'') of claim 1, wherein the impactor head (20) is covered by an impactor head covering (140), made of a shock-absorbing material, in order to absorb the impact successes incomed during use of the impactor. . . .
- 11. (original) An acetabular impactor (10') of claim 1, wherein the locking mechanism (124, 130, 142, 146) is an expandable collet (120) which a knob (20'), adjacent the handle (60), expands when turned in one direction so as to lock the collet (120) against a surface of a prosthesis (11) in order to prevent the prosthesis from rotation, thus enabling the surgeon to pre-set and lock the position of the prosthesis prior to the installation thereof.
- 12. (original) The impactor (10") of claim LL, wherein the collet (120) is comprised of two jaws (124) having opposite ends (125, 126) pivoting on a fulcrum (32), one end of which being adapted to engage an interior surface of a prosthesis (11), the prosthesis engaging ends being thrown away from one another when a actuator piston (146), which passes through the followin (130), is draw therebetween, thereby eliminating the need of threading the acetabular prosthesis (1)) onto the tip (125) of the impactor as the prosthesis can simply be placed over the collecting the collections.

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- (13. (original) The impactor (10') of claim 12, wherein the fulcrum (32) is mounted in a cago (142) through which the actuator piston (146) passes, the actuator piston having a shoulder (143) bearing against a sorface (142') of the cage opposite the prosthesis engaging ends (125) of the jaws (124), such that, as the actuator piston is being activated to separate the prosthesis engaging ends of the jaws, a shoulder (146e) of the piston confecting the surface compresses the jaws into the cage, thereby drawing the jaws into the impactor and, when connected to a prosthesis, thereby drawing the prosthesis against an impaction surface (140a) so as to firmly fix the prosthesis against the impaction surface (140a) so as to firmly fix the prosthesis against the impaction surface.
- (4. (original) The impactor (10) of claim 13, wherein the collet (120) is provided with external direct dimensional structures (124) which engage with corresponding structures (122) on the prosthesis (11).
- 15. (driginal) The impactor (10°) of claim 14. wherein the flure dimensional structures we Univade (122).
- 16. (original) The impactor (197) of claim 14. Wherein the times dimensional structures are grouves.
- 17. (original). The improver (101) of claim 14, wherein the three-dimensional structures are divers.
- 18. (correctly artiended). The acetabular impactor (10) of claims (1, wherein the drive train (14) beliefes at least one a joint (30) located so at 10 transmit torque through -at a bend in the boasing (12).
- 19. (original): The accordinate impactor (10) of claim 11, wherein the housing (12) is C-shaped.
- 20. (original) The acctabular impactor (10") of claim 1, wherein further, the locking mechanism (180, 193, 194, 195, 196, 200, 202, 206, 210, 212) is made up of a latch housing (180) which is constrainable against rotation while being urged part-way into a recess (184) toward the engagement end (186) of an impactor head (140) by a spring (190) captured between the latch housing (180) and a shaft (212) of the drive train, the spring urging the latch housing against a can stop (194) when a trigger (196, 200) is positioned so as to selectively:

i) enable the drive train to be turnable within the housing (12") by the operator cotating the handle (160), the cam stop (194) being connected to a shaft (200) to which an actuator component (196) is attached.

ii) enable a user to turn the cam stop (194) in a position to block further movement of the latch housing (180) into the recess (184), such that when the cam stop is turned so that it does not block further entry of the latch housing into the recess(184), catches (206) inside the latch housing are urged into engagement with secrations (210) cut into the outer circumference of a component (212) of the drive train, wherein the engagement of the catches (206) into the secretions (210) constrains the latch housing (190) against rotational movement and locks the drive train (141) against rotational movement.

the selectivity enabling the surgeon to pre-set and lock the position of the prosthesis (11) prior to the installation thereof, wherein the latch housing (180) may be unlatched from the housing so as to enable quick and invention is easily cleanable.

2) (original) The acetabular impactor (10°) of claim 1, wherein the bousing (12°) is C-shaped, in order to minimize the invasiveness of the surgery by better clearing anatomical structures and tissue:

Further, Applicant provides replacement sheets 10-13.

We nest that all is in order,

If the Examiner has questions, he is invited to contact the Undersigned by phone at 01141-71-230 1000 or fax at 01141-71-230 1001, or by small to moents Demail.com. If further fees are due for this amendment, the Office is authorized to debit the deposit account of Moents it & Associes SaRL, No. 42794.

Respectfully submitted.

John Moettell Patent Attomey-at-law

Eacls: mentioned replacement sheets 10-13

Phone: +41 71 230 1000 | Fax: +41 71 230 1001 | St. Leonhardstrasse 4 | 9000 St. Gallen - Switzerland

What is claimed is:

- 1. An acetabular impactor (10, 10, 10°) for aiding a surgion in controlling the installation of a tip presidents (11), the impactor comprising:
 - (a) an impactor head (20):
- (b) a housing (12, 12', 12') smached to the impactor head, the housing having at least one bend permitting the housing to avoid anetomical structures or tissue during use in surgery and enclosing a drive train (14, 14', 14'') having, at a far end (134), a prosthesis engaging thread (124), and at the opposite end (42'), a handle (20, 20', 20'') which facilitates turning of the drive train by the operator; and
- (c) a locking mechanism (44, 50, 52, 54, 56, 56, 52, 67, 68; 124, 130, 142, 146; 180, 193, 194, 195, 196, 200, 202, 206, 210, 212, 14) associated with the housing which selectively locks the drive train, and thus the prosthesis, in position.

wherein further the opposite end (42°) of the drive train has a latch device (52, 54, 56, 60, 52; 44, 50; 180) which enables quick removal from the housing for cleaning and signification.

- 4. The acetabular impactor (10, 10°, 10°), wherein the drive train (14, 14°, 14°) includes at least one a joint (30°) located so as to transmit torque through at a bend in the housing (12, 12°, 12°).
- 5. The ecclebelor impactor (10.40', 10') of claim 1, wherein the fidusing (12.12', 12'') is C-shaped.
- The acetabular impactor (10) of claim 1, wherein the looking mechanism (44, 50, 52, 54, 56, 60, 62, 67, 68) comprises a drive train (14) having a threaded prosthesis engaging tip (146a); the drive train further including a lever link (42) which is disposed in the housing (12) so as to rotate on a fulcrum (32), such that, accustion of the lever link draws the threaded tip (146a) into the housing and, when connected to a prosthesis (11), draws the prosthesis against an impaction surface (140a), wherein sufficient friction may be generated therebetween to lock the prosthesis in place.
- 5. The acetabular impactor (10) of claim 4, wherein the link lever (42) has a knob (20) anached to its extreme end, the knot enabling a user to orient the up (146a).

REPLACEMENT SHEET

- 6. The acetabular impostor (10) of any one of claims 1-5, wherein a lockable, variable length link (56) is attached between the link lever (42) and the housing (12) in order to permit a user to vary pressure that the tip can exert against the impaction head (140).
- 7. The acetabular impactor (10) of claim 6, wherein the variable link (56) is infinitely variable and unlockable via a tatch (68) in order to permit release of pressure on the prosthesis (11).
- 5. The acetabelar impactor (10) of claim 7, wherein the prosthesis engaging tip (1460) is connected by way of a first U-joint (30') to a lever (32) which above in a pivoting sleeve (34) fixed to the bousing via a first pivot (36).
- 9. The acetabolar impactor (10) of claim 1, wherein a one-way catch mechanism (67) prevents a rod (56) bonnected to the second lever (42) from sliding out of the housing (12) unless an unlock lever (66) is activated.
- 10. The acetabular impactor (10, 10°, 10°) of claim 1, wherein the impactor head (20) is covered by an impactor head covering (140), made of a shock-absorbing material, in order to absorb the impact stresses incomed during use of the impactor.
- 11. An acctabular impactor (10') of claim I, wherein the locking mechanism (124, 130, 142, 136) is an expandable collet (120) which a knob (20'), adjacent the handle (60), expands when torned in one direction so as to lock the collet (120) against a surface of a prosthesis (11) in order to prevent the prosthesis from rotation, thus enabling the surgeon to pre-set and lock the position of the prosthesis prior to the installation thereof.
- 12. The impactor (10°) of claim 11., wherein the collet (120) is comprised of two jaws (124) having opposite ends (125, 126) pivoting on a fairrum (32), one end of which being adapted to engage an interior surface of a prosthesis (11), the prosthesis engaging ends being drawn away from one another when a actuator pistori (146), which passes through the felcrom (130), is draw thereforewers, thereby climinating the need of threading the acetabeliar prosthesis (11) onto the tip (125) of the impactor as the prosthesis can simply be placed over the collet and the collet expanded so as to grip the internal threads (122) of the prosthesis.

REPLACEMENT SHEET

- (3) The impactor (10') of claim 12, wherein the fulcrum (32) is mounted in a cage (142) through which the actuator piston (146) passes, the actuator piston having a shoulder (143) bearing against a surface (142') of the rage opposite the prosthesis engaging ends (125) of the jaws (123), such that, as the actuator piston is being activated to separate the prosthesis engaging ends of the jaws, a shoulder (146e) of the piston contacting the surface compresses the jaws into the cage, thereby drawing the jaws into the impactor and, when connected to a prosthesis, thereby drawing the prosthesis against an impaction surface (140a) so as to firmily fix the prosthesis against the impaction surface.
- 14. The impactor (10") of claim 13, wherein the collect (120) is provided with external, three-dimensional structures (124) which engage with corresponding structures (122) on the presidesis (11).
- 15. The appactor (10°) of claim 14, wherein the three dimensional sinuctures are fineads (122),
- 16. The impactor (10") of claim 14, wherein the three-dimensional structures are grooves,
- 17. The impactor (10) of claim 14, wherein the three-dimensional smictures are divota.
- 18. The acutibular impactor (10) of claim 11, wherein the drive train (14) includes at least one u-joint (30) located so as to transmit torque through -at a bend in the housing (12).
- 19. The acetabular impostor (10") of claim (1), wherein the housing (12") is C-shaped.
- 20. The acetabolar impactor (107) of claim 1, wherein further, the locking mechanism (180, 193, 194, 195, 196, 200, 202, 206, 210, 212) is made up of a tatch housing (180) which is constrainable against rotation while being urged part way into a recess (184) toward the engagement end (186) of an impactor head (140) by a spring (190) captured between the jatch housing (180) and a shaft (212) of the drive train, the spring urging the latch housing against a carn stop (194) when a trigger (196, 200) is positioned so as to selectively:

RÉPLACEMENT SHEET

i) enable the drive train to be unnable within the housing (12") by the operator rotating the handle (160), the cam stop (194) being connected to a shaft (200) to which an actuator component (196) is attached.

ii) enable a user to turn the east stop (194) in a position to block hinher movement of the latch bousing (180) into the recess (184), such that when the east stop is turned so that it does not block further entry of the latch housing into the recess(184), carches (206) inside the latch housing are urged into engagement with serrations (210) cut into the outer circumference of a component (212) of the drive train, wherein the engagement of the catches (206) into the serrations (210) constrains the latch housing (190) against rotational movement and locks the drive train (141) against rotational movement.

the selectivity enabling the surgeon to pre-set and lock the position of the prosthesis (11) prior to the installation thereof, wherein the latch housing (180) may be unlatched from the housing so as to enable quick and invention is easily cleanable.

21. The acetabular impactor (10") of claim 1, wherein the housing (12") is C-shaped in order to minimize the invasivences of the surgery by better clearing anatomical structures and tissue.